

# Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment

# Conservation Practice Job Sheet

PA380



### **Definition**

Windbreaks or shelterbelts are plantings of single or multiple rows of trees or shrubs that are established for environmental purposes. Living snowfences are an important variation of windbreaks and shelterbelts. The height of the tallest row and overall density of foliage and branches of an individual windbreak/shelterbelt planting greatly influence the size of the nearby area that is protected or sheltered.

# **Purpose**

Windbreaks or shelterbelts are generally established to protect or shelter nearby, leeward areas from damaging winds. Such plantings are used to reduce wind erosion, protect growing plants (crops and forage), alter microenvironment to enhance plant growth, manage snow, and delineate field boundaries. Windbreaks also protect structures and livestock, provide wildlife habitat and travel corridors, enhance

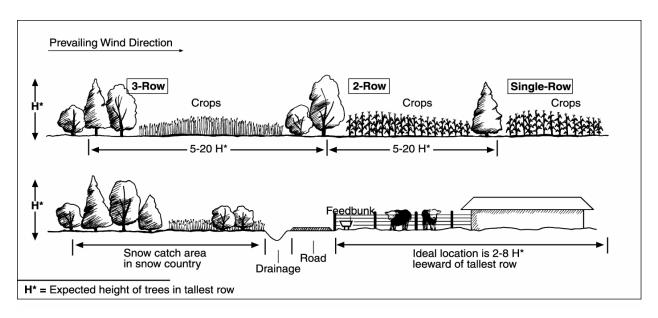
aesthetics, and increase carbon storage. Also, when used as a living screen, windbreaks control views, reduce noise, and intercept chemical drift.

### Where used

Windbreaks are "environmental buffers" that are planted in a variety of settings, such as on cropland, pasture, along roads, farmsteads, feedlots; and in urban areas.

# Resource management system

Windbreaks and shelterbelts are normally established concurrently with other practices as part of a resource management system for a conservation management unit.



A windbreak or shelterbelt usually consists of multiple rows, with shrubs in the outer rows and taller trees in the interior. Complementary practices work with these environmental buffers to further control wind erosion and snow deposition and modify site characteristics for habitat and screening purposes. For comprehensive protection of a field, windbreaks are placed in a series across the area (typically spaced at intervals of 5 to 20 times the height of each windbreak), with individual windbreaks running parallel to one another, but perpendicular to prevailing winds.

### Wildlife

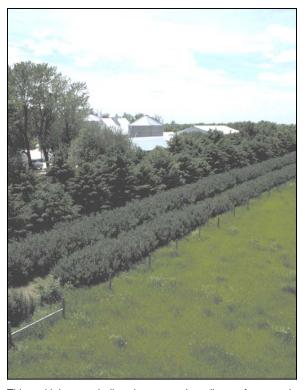
For plantings to function properly, access by livestock and certain wildlife must be managed year-round (use exclusion and fencing). Connecting shelterbelts with existing or planned perennial vegetation, such as woodlots and woody draws (tree/shrub establishment) or riparian areas (riparian forest buffer), provides additional benefits for wildlife and aesthetics. Select native or adapted species that provide wildlife food or cover

# **Operation and maintenance**

Trees and shrubs in a windbreak or shelterbelt need periodic maintenance and, later on, possible renovation (tree/shrub pruning and windbreak/shelterbelt renovation).

# **Specifications**

Site-specific requirements are listed on the specifications sheet. Additional provisions are entered on the job sketch sheet. Specifications are prepared in accordance with the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide. See practice standard Windbreak/ Shelterbelt Establishment, code 380.



This multiple-row windbreak protects the adjacent farmstead and provides important wildlife habitat.

### Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment - Job Sheet Field Landowner number Purpose (check all that apply) Reduce soil erosion from wind Provide living noise screens □ Protect plants from wind-related damage Provide living visual screens □ Provide living barriers against airborne chemical drift ☐ Alter microenvironment for enhancing plant growth ☐ Manage snow deposition Delineate property and field boundaries □ Provide shelter for structures, livestock, and recreational ☐ Improve irrigation efficiency areas Enhance aesthetics Enhance wildlife habitat by providing travel corridors Increase carbon storage **Location and Layout** Width (feet; include widths of maintenance areas next to outer rows): Length (feet): Area (acres): Total area of zone protected/sheltered (acres; based on expected height and density of the windbreak/shelterbelt): Additional requirements: **Woody Plant Materials Information** Total number Distance (ft) Distance Kind of **Planting** between plants of plants for from this row Species/cultivar by row number: stock1: Dates within row (ft): to next row<sup>2</sup>: row: 2 3 4 5 6 BAreroot, COntainer, Cutting; include size, caliper, height, and age as applicable. Adjusted for width of maintenance equipment. **Temporary Storage Instructions** Planting stock that is dormant may be stored temporarily in a cooler or protected area. For stock that is expected to begin growth before planting, dig a V-shaped trench (heeling-in-bed) sufficiently deep and bury seedlings so that all roots are covered by soil. Pack the soil firmly and water thoroughly. Additional requirements: **Site Preparation** Remove debris and control competing vegetation to allow enough spots or sites for planting and planting equipment. Additional requirements: **Planting Methods** For container and bareroot stock, plant stock to a depth even with the root collar in holes deep and wide enough to fully extend the roots. Pack the soil firmly around each plant. Cuttings are inserted in moist soil with at least 2 to 3 buds showing above ground. Additional requirements: **Operation and Maintenance** $Inspect\ windbreak/shelter belt\ components\ periodically\ and\ protect\ from\ damage\ so\ proper\ function\ is\ maintained.\ Replace$ dead or dying tree/shrub stock and continue control of competing vegetation to allow proper establishment. Install and begin supplemental irrigation if required. Additional requirements:

# If needed, an aerial view or a side view of the practice can be shown below. Other relevant information, complementary practices and measures, and additional specifications may be included. \_\_ ft. (NA indicates sketch not to scale: grid size=1/2" by 1/2") **Additional Specifications and Notes:**

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